

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE

## REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

DTIC FILE COPY

|  |       |   |  |
|--|-------|---|--|
| 1a REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION<br>UNCLASSIFIED  |       | 1b RESTRICTIVE MARKINGS   |  |
| 2a SECURITY CLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY<br>DTIC ELECTRIC  |       | 3 DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY OF REPORT<br>Approved for public release & sale.<br>Distribution unlimited.         |  |
| 2b DECLASSIFICATION / DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE<br>OCT 05 1990  |       | 4 PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER<br>FINAL REPORT   |  |
| 5a NAME OF PERFORMING ORGANIZATION<br>Physics Department   |       | 5b OFFICE SYMBOL<br>(If applicable)   |  |
| 6a ADDRESS (City, State, and ZIP Code)<br>Fletcher Building<br>University of Utah<br>Salt Lake City, Utah 84112  |       | 7a NAME OF MONITORING ORGANIZATION<br>OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH  |  |
| 8a NAME OF FUNDING SPONSORING ORGANIZATION<br>OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH   |       | 8b OFFICE SYMBOL<br>(If applicable)<br>ONR  |  |
| 9 PROCUREMENT INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER<br>N00014-82-K-0603   |       | 10 SOURCE OF FUNDING NUMBERS  |  |
| 11 TITLE (Include Security Classification)<br>Conductivity Fluctuations in Fast Ionic Conductors   |       | 12 PERSONAL AUTHOR(S)<br>James J. Brophy  |  |
| 13a TYPE OF REPORT<br>Final  |       | 13b TIME COVERED<br>FROM 8/1/82 TO 9/30/90  |  |
| 14 DATE OF REPORT (Year, Month, Day)<br>Sept. 1990   |       | 15 PAGE COUNT<br>Five (5)   |  |
| 16 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTATION  |       |   |  |
| 17 COSATI CODES  |       | 18 SUBJECT TERMS (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number)                                  |  |
| FIELD  | GROUP | SUB-GROUP   |  |
|  |       | Diffusion noise, mobile ions, conductivity fluctuations, Beta"alumina single-ion conductors, mixed alkali effect. |  |
| 19 ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number)  |       |   |  |
| Electrical conductivity fluctuations in superionic solids provide a new way of examining transport and electrode properties of solid electrolytes. Of particular interest are the Na $\beta$ and Na $\beta$ "aluminas because of their high ionic conductivity, potentially important technological applications, and the ease with which the mobile sodium ions can be exchanged for a number of mono- and di-valent cations. Single crystal and ceramic specimens of sodium, silver, lead, and calcium $\beta$ "aluminas, as well as mixed Na/Ag and Na/Ca conductors, have been found to exhibit conductivity fluctuations associated with diffusion of the mobile ions. Also, in the absence of electric current and at frequencies above about 100 Hz Nyquist noise corresponding to the bulk electrolyte resistance is observed. Below 100 Hz noise associated with amalgamation reactions at the electrolyte/contact interface or noise associated with ionic shot noise during the build-up of an electric double layer at the interface are dominant. Experimental diffusion noise levels can be quantitatively explained by focusing on the diffusion of ion-vacancy pairs in single conduction planes. Fluctuations in adjacent planes are correlated and correlations arising from in-plane coulomb forces are negligible. |       |   |  |
| 20 DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY OF ABSTRACT<br><input type="checkbox"/> UNCLASSIFIED/UNLIMITED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SAME AS RPT <input type="checkbox"/> DTIC USERS  |       | 21 ABSTRACT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION<br>UNCLASSIFIED   |  |
| 22a NAME OF RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL<br>JAMES J. BROPHY  |       | 22b TELEPHONE (Include Area Code)<br>801/581-7236   |  |
|  |       | 22c OFFICE SYMBOL   |  |

**OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH**

**CONTRACT No: N00014-82-K-0603**

**R&T Code 413D015**

**Final Report**

**CONDUCTIVITY FLUCTUATIONS IN FAST IONIC CONDUCTORS**

**by**

**James J. Brophy**

**Department of Physics  
University of Utah  
Salt Lake City, UT 84112**

**1 August 1982 through 30 September 1990**

**Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the  
United States Government**

**This document has been approved for public release and sale;  
its distribution is unlimited.**

**90 10 03 124**

# CONDUCTIVITY FLUCTUATIONS IN FAST IONIC CONDUCTORS

## FINAL REPORT

This project has studied electrical conductivity fluctuations in superionic solids as a way of understanding transport and electrode properties of solid electrolytes. The research effort has concentrated on the Na $\beta$  and Na $\beta$ "aluminas because of their high ionic conductivity, potentially important technological applications, and the ease with which the mobile sodium ions can be exchanged for a number of mono- and di-valent cations. Both single crystal and ceramic specimens of sodium, silver, lead, and calcium  $\beta$ "alumina have been examined, as well as mixed Na/Ag and Na/Ca conductors.

The research results obtained on the project have been reported in the 21 Technical Reports and 19 published papers listed in the following pages. Briefly, three different electrical noise processes are observed in both single crystal and ceramic samples. In the absence of electric current and at frequencies above about 100 Hz Nyquist noise corresponding to the bulk electrolyte resistance is observed. This makes it possible to measure electrolyte conductivity in equilibrium and over a range of frequencies free from interfering contact effects. Below 100 Hz noise associated with amalgamation reactions at the electrolyte/contact interface is measured when amalgam contacts are employed. With other contact solutions (e.g., NaI in propylene carbonate) noise characterized as ionic shot noise during the build-up of an electric double layer at the interface is dominant.

In the presence of current, all of the solid electrolytes examined exhibit conductivity fluctuations attributable to diffusion noise of the mobile ions, which is a direct experimental proof that electrical conduction is by diffusion. The observed noise levels are much larger than predicted on the basis of a simple interpretation of the standard theory of diffusion noise, which is based on independent diffusing entities. However, it appears that by focusing on the diffusion of ion-vacancy pairs in single conduction planes, it is possible to account quantitatively for the observed noise. Furthermore, the analysis indicates that fluctuations in adjacent planes are correlated and that correlations arising from in-plane coulomb forces are negligible. A full description of this more sophisticated analysis is being prepared for publication.

# OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH

Contract No. N00014-82-K-0603

## TECHNICAL REPORTS

|     |                 |   |
|-----|-----------------|---|
| # 1 | May, 1983       | Contact Noise in Superionic Ceramics  |
| # 2 | August, 1983    | Electrode Noise in Beta Aluminas  |
| # 3 | November, 1983  | Internal Noise of Low-Frequency Pre-Amplifiers  |
| # 4 | May, 1984       | Spectral Averaging and Low-Frequency Sampling<br>Modifications for the IQS 401 FFT Spectrum<br>Analyzer |
| # 5 | November, 1984  | Current Noise in Sodium Beta" Alumina Ceramic   |
| # 6 | September, 1985 | Noise in Silver Beta" Alumina Ceramics  |
| # 7 | September, 1985 | Noise in Sodium Beta" Alumina Crystals  |
| # 8 | August, 1986    | Silver Beta" Alumina Ceramics & Single Crystals   |
| # 9 | January, 1987   | Noise in Single Crystal Pb Beta" Alumina  |
| #10 | February, 1987  | Contact Noise in Sodium Beta" Alumina   |
| #11 | May, 1987       | Noise in Lead Beta" Alumina   |
| #12 | May, 1987       | Contact Noise in Sodium Beta" Alumina   |
| #13 | June, 1987      | Voltage Fluctuations at Sodium Beta" Alumina/<br>Mercury Electrodes                                     |
| #14 | November, 1987  | Contact and Current Noise in Beta Alumina and<br>Nasicon Ceramics                                       |
| #15 | January, 1988   | The Kinetics of Contact Noise in Na Beta" Alumina   |
| #16 | June, 1988      | Diffusion Noise in Na, Ag and Pb Beta" Aluminas   |
| #17 | June, 1988      | Diffusion Noise in Annealed Na, Ag and Pb Beta"<br>Aluminas   |
| #18 | July, 1988      | A Review of Noise Studies in Superionic<br>Electrolytes   |
| #19 | August, 1988    | Digital Lock-in Detector for Ultra-Low Level Noise<br>Spectrum Analysis                                 |
| #20 | February, 1989  | Conductivity Fluctuations in Mixed Na/Ca Beta"<br>Alumina   |
| #21 | March, 1989     | Current and Thermal Noise in Mixed Na/Ag<br>Beta"Alumina.   |

|      |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| For  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| W&I  | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ed   | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| tion |                                     |
| ion/ |                                     |

Availability Codes

|      |                         |
|------|-------------------------|
| Dist | Avail and/or<br>Special |
| A-1  |                         |



## OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH

Contract No. N00014-82-K-0603

### Published Papers

- James J. Brophy, "Contact Noise in Superionic Ceramics", Noise in Physical Systems and 1/f Noise, M. Savellia, G. Lecoy, and J-P. Nougier (eds.), Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, 1983, p 351.
- James J. Brophy and Steven W. Smith, "Electrode Noise in Beta Aluminas" J. Appl. Phys., 56, 801 (1984).
- Steven W. Smith, "Internal Noise of Low-frequency Preamplifiers", Rev. Sci. Inst., 55, 812 (1984).
- James J. Brophy and Steven W. Smith, "Current Noise in Sodium Beta Alumina Ceramics", J. Appl. Phys., 58, 351 (1985).
- Steven W. Smith, "Spectral Averaging and Low-Frequency Sampling Modifications for the IQS 401 Fast Fourier Spectrum Analyzer", Rev. Sc. Inst., 56, 159 (1985).
- James J. Brophy and Steven W. Smith, "Noise in Sodium Beta"Alumina Single Crystals", A. d'Amico and P. Mazzetti (eds), Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, (1986), p. 243.
- Steven W. Smith and James J. Brophy, "Noise in Silver Beta"Alumina Ceramics" Noise in Physical Systems and 1/f Noise, A. d'Amico and P. Mazetti (eds), Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, (1986), p. 247.
- James J. Brophy, "Current Noise in Silver Beta"Alumina Ceramics and Single Crystals", J. Appl. Phys. 61, 581 (1987).
- James J. Brophy and J. Jeff Carroll, "Noise in Lead Beta"Alumina", Noise in Physical Systems, C. M. Van Vliet (ed), World Scientific Publishing Co., Singapore, (1987), p. 307.
- Chu Kun Kuo and James J. Brophy, "Voltage Fluctuations in Sodium Beta" Alumina/Mercury Electrodes", Solid State Ionics, 25, 193 (1987).
- Chu Kun Kuo and James J. Brophy, "Contact and Current Noise in Beta"Alumina and Nasicon Ceramics", Solid State Ionics, 26, 37 (1988).
- Chu Kun Kuo and James J. Brophy, "Contact Noise in Sodium Beta"Alumina", Solid State Ionics, 28-30, 396 (1988).
- Chu Kun Kuo and James J. Brophy, "The Kinetics of Contact Noise of NaBeta"Alumina", J. Appl. Phys., 65, 384 (1989).

- Chu Kun Kuo and James J. Brophy, "A Review of Noise Studies in Superionic Electrolytes", *J. Inorg. Mat.*, 5, 150 (1990). (In Chinese)
- Chu Kun Kuo and James J. Brophy, "Conductivity Fluctuations in Mixed Sodium/Cadmium  $\beta$ "Alumina", *Solid State Ionics*, 37, 37 (1989).
- James J. Brophy, "Noise in Materials - Some Recent Results", *Noise in Physical Systems*, A. Ambrozy (ed), Akademiai Kiado, Budapest, (1990) p. 77 (invited paper).
- James J. Brophy, "Diffusion Noise in Sodium Beta Alumina", *Noise in Physical Systems*, A. Ambrozy (ed), Akademiai Kiado, Budapest, (1990) p. 87.
- Xiaoyi Wang, "Digital Lock-in Detector for Ultra-Low Level Noise Spectrum Analysis", *Rev. Sci. Inst.*, 61, 1999 (1990).
- James J. Brophy, "Current and Thermal Noise in Mixed Na/Ag  $\beta$ "Alumina", *J. Appl. Phys.*, 67, xxx (1990).

**OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH**

**Contract No. N00014-82-K-0603**

**Project Personnel**

**James J. Brophy, Ph.D.**  
Principal Investigator

**J. Jeff Carroll**  
Graduate Student

**Chu Kun Kuo, Ph.D.**  
Visiting Scientist on leave from the Shanghai Institute of  
Ceramics, Chinese Academy of Science

**John G. MacDonald**  
Graduate Student

**Steven W. Smith, Ph.D.**  
Graduate Student and Postdoctoral appointment

**J. M. Viner, Ph.D.**  
Postdoctoral appointment

**Xiaoyi Wang, M.S.**  
Graduate Student